

# FIVE UNIVERSITY CONFERENCE 2015

DECEMBER 4-5 2015 (FRIDAY- SATURDAY)  
BEIJING, CHINA

## PARTICIPATING UNIVERSITIES



### [ADMIN PROGRAMME]

#### PROGRAMME (AS AT NOVEMBER 27 2015)

Time	Activity	Venue	Remarks
<b>Welcome Reception: Thursday, December 3, 2015</b>			
6:30pm	Welcome Dinner hosted by School of International Studies, Peking University	Yi Yuan Restaurant, 1 <sup>st</sup> floor, #2 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel  Address: Zhongguancun North Street, No 126, Haidian District, Beijing, China	
<b>Conference Day 1: Friday, December 4, 2015</b>			
8:30am -9:00am	Registration	Room 305, #7 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	
9:00am -12:15pm	Programme Flow 9:00am-10:30am: Session 1 10:30am-10:45am: Coffee break 10:45am-12:15pm: Session 2	Room 305, #7 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	(More information on the conference agenda available in conference programme –page 3)
12:15pm -14:00pm	Lunch Buffet	Chenguang Coffee Shop, 2nd floor, #6 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	
14:00pm -17:15pm	Programme Flow 14:00pm-15:30pm: Session 3 15:30pm-15:45pm: Coffee break 15:45pm-17:15pm: Session 4	Room 305, #7 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	

18:30pm-	Dinner	Zhili Hall Restaurant  Address: No.127 Zhongguancun North Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China	We will provide transportations from Zhongguanxinyuan to Zhili Hall
<b>Conference Day 2: Saturday, December 5, 2015</b>			
9:00am -12:15pm	Programme Flow 9:00am-10:30am: Session 5 10:30am-10:45am: Coffee break 10:45am-12:15pm: Wrap up session	Room 305, #7 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	
12:15pm -14:00pm	Lunch	Yi Yuan Restaurant, 1st floor, #2 building, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel	

## [CONFERENCE PROGRAMME]

Conference Venue: **Room 305, #7 Building**, Zhongguanxinyuan Global View Hotel

<p><b>Dec 4</b></p> <p>Session 1 (1.5 hours) 9:00am-10:30am</p>	<p><b>Session 1: The Nature and the State of the World Order</b></p> <p>What is the world order? How does it compare with the previous world orders? Is it stable? Is it fair? Is it sustainable? How will it evolve under reform pressures (such as the Security Council, the World Bank, and the IMF)? How do the various initiatives such as TPP, RCEP, AIIB and Silk Routes influence the regional order? What roles do countries play in shaping the new world and regional orders?</p> <p><b>[10 mins per speaker &amp; discussant; 40 mins discussion]</b></p> <p>Panelists (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. John Ikenberry</b> Albert G. Milbank Professor of Politics and International Affairs, Princeton University</li> <li><b>2. Kiichi Fujiwara</b> Professor of International Politics, University of Tokyo</li> <li><b>3. JIA Qingguo</b> Professor, Dean of School of International Studies, Peking University</li> </ol> <p>Discussants (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Changrok Soh,</b> Professor, Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</li> <li><b>2. Yuen Foong Khong</b> Li Ka Shing Professor of Political Science at the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</li> </ol> <p>Moderated by <b>Kishore Mahbubani</b>, Dean, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</p>
<p><b>Dec 4</b></p> <p>Session 2 (1.5 hours) 10:45am-12:15pm</p>	<p><b>Session 2: The political dimension of the world order</b></p> <p>What are the interests and ambitions on the part of the great powers as far as the world order is concerned? How have they evolved over time? Against the changing configuration of power in the world, will the US and Europe continue to dominate the intellectual agenda? Or will they learn to listen to emerging powers? Will China push for change or remain a status quo power? Where is the greatest convergence and greatest divergence between the US and China on the world order? What role will India play? Do any of the major powers have a 'grand strategy' when advancing their interests and shaping global agendas? How coherent are these strategies, and how do other major powers respond to them? What is the role of the smaller states?</p>

	<p><b>[10 mins per speaker &amp; discussant; 40 mins discussion]</b></p> <p>Panelists (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. WANG Jisi</b> Professor in the School of International Studies and president of the Institute of International and Strategic Studies, Peking University</li> <li><b>2. Thomas Christensen</b> William P. Boswell Professor of World Politics of Peace and War and Director of the China and the World Program at Princeton University</li> <li><b>3. Akio Takahara</b> Professor of Modern Chinese Politics, University of Tokyo</li> </ol> <p>Discussants (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Ja-hyun Chun</b> Research Professor at Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</li> <li><b>2. Heng Yee Kuang</b> Associate Professor of International Relations at the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</li> </ol> <p>Moderated by <b>JIA Qingguo</b>, Professor, Dean of School of International Studies, Peking University</p>
<p><b>Dec 4</b></p> <p>Session 3 (1.5 hours) 14:00pm-15:30pm</p>	<p><b>Session 3: The economic dimension of the world order</b></p> <p>How have the international economic arrangements evolved over time? What has changed in global economic governance since 2008? How should we interpret the proliferation of FTAs in the world? What is going on with proposed regional multilateral trade agreements such as the TPP, RCEP and APFTA? Are they alternatives to WTO or compliments to the WTO? What are the implications of the internet commerce to international trade? Will what Ma Yun called E-WTO replace the existing WTO? Does China’s “one belt one road” initiative herald a revolutionary change in the world’s economic landscape or is it just another push on the part of China for enhancing economic cooperation with its neighbors?</p> <p><b>[10 mins per speaker &amp; discussant; 40 mins discussion]</b></p> <p>Panelists (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Keisuke Iida</b> Professor of International Political Economy, University of Tokyo</li> <li><b>2. Mike Mastanduno</b> Nelson A. Rockefeller Professor of Government and Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Sciences at Dartmouth College</li> <li><b>3. Sung-hoon Park</b> Professor of Economics and International Trade at the Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</li> </ol>

	<p>Discussants (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. DONG Zhaohua</b> Associate Professor, School of International Studies, Peking University</li> <li><b>2. Danny Quah</b> Professor of Economics and International Development at the London School of Economics and Political Science, and Director of the Saw Swee Hock Southeast Asia Centre at LSE's Institute of Global Affairs</li> </ol> <p>Moderated by <b>Kiichi Fujiwara</b>, Director of the Security Studies Unit, Policy Alternatives Research Center, and Professor of International Politics at the University of Tokyo</p>
<p><b>Dec 4</b></p> <p>Session 4 (1.5 hours) 15:45pm-17:15pm</p>	<p><b>Session 4: The security dimension of the world order</b></p> <p>How has the international security order evolved since 1945? With the military posturing in the East China Sea and the South China Sea and the Russian military manoeuvres in its efforts to reclaim Crimea, are traditional security issues coming back to the centre of world politics? Will the great powers again flex their military muscles and jostle for supremacy in the years to come? Can we prevent an arms race between the US, China, Japan and India in coming decades? Will formal or informal alliances develop in Asia? Prime Minister Abe has spoken of a 'security diamond' (involving the US, Japan, Australia and India). What would the implications of this suggestion be? What is the role of multilateral military exercises (such as RIMPAC) and defence diplomacy? Against all this, are non-traditional security issues becoming less important? What are the implications of cyber security for our conception of security in the days to come?</p> <p><b>[10 mins per speaker &amp; discussant; 40 mins discussion]</b></p> <p>Panelists (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. HUANG Jing</b> Lee Foundation Professor on US-China Relations and Director of Centre on Asia and Globalization (CAG) at Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</li> <li><b>2. Peter Trubowitz</b> Professor of International Relations and Director of the US Centre at the London School of Economics and Associate Fellow at Chatham House</li> <li><b>3. YU Tiejun</b> Associate professor in the School of International Studies and vice president of the Institute of International and Strategic Studies, Peking University</li> </ol> <p>Discussants (in order of speech)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Yasuhiro Masuda</b></li> </ol>

	<p>Professor of international politics at the University of Tokyo</p> <p><b>2. Byungki Kim</b> Professor of Politics and International Relations, Founder/Directing Head of The International Security Policy Forum at The Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</p> <p>Moderated by <b>Sung-han Kim</b>, Director of Ilmin International Relations Institute and Professor of International Relations at the Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</p>
<p><b>Dec 5</b></p> <p>Session 5 (1.5 hours) 9:00am-10:30am</p>	<p><b>Session 5: The future world order</b></p> <p>With the relative decline of the US, along with a sharper decline of Japan, and how such changes in the distribution of power may affect regional and international stability and institutions. What is going to happen to the so-called liberal international order? In a rapidly shrinking planet facing climate challenges and an exploding global middle class population that has common interests in better planetary management, can scholars and policymakers agree that institutions of global governance should be strengthened rather than weakened? Is there finally a 'Great Convergence' of great power interests on strengthening global governance? Will the P5 endorse a European UNSG in 2016 who is more like Dag Hammarskjöld rather than Kurt Waldheim? Can scholars and public intellectuals think outside the box and propose fresh new rational approaches to the World Order?</p> <p><b>[10 mins per speaker &amp; discussant; 40 mins discussion]</b></p> <p>Panelists (in order of speech)</p> <p><b>1. Kishore Mulbubani</b> Dean, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</p> <p><b>2. Sung-han Kim</b> Director of Ilmin International Relations Institute and Professor of International Relations at the Graduate School of International Studies, Korea University</p> <p><b>3. ZHA Daojiong</b> Professor of International Political Economy at the School of International Studies, Peking University</p> <p>Discussants (in order of speech)</p> <p><b>1. Selina Ho</b> Senior Research Fellow at the Centre on Asia and Globalization at Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore</p> <p><b>2. Masahiro Kohara</b> Professor of Japanese Foreign Policy, the University of Tokyo</p>

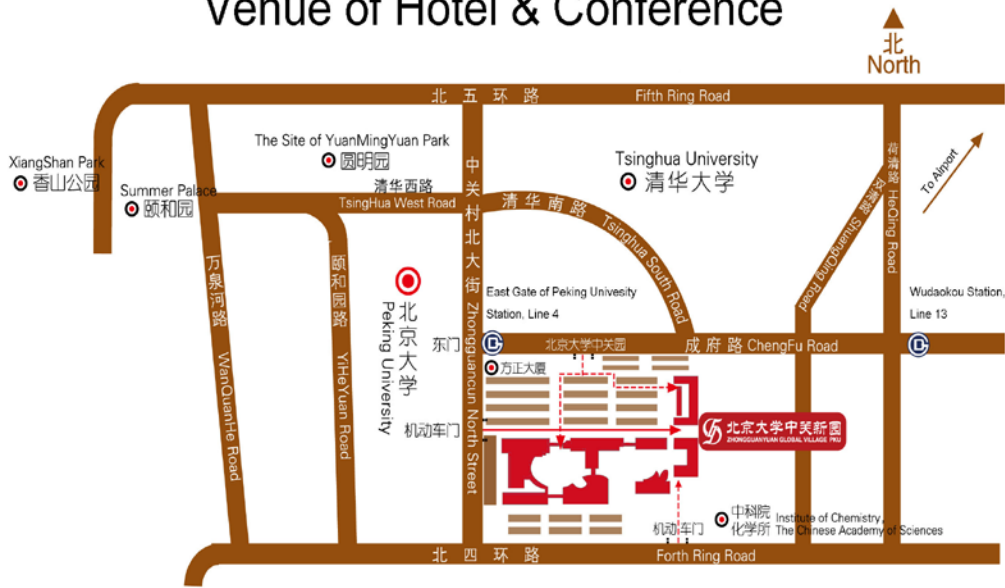
	Moderated by <b>John Ikenberry</b> , Albert G. Milbank Professor of Politics and International Affairs, Princeton University
<b>Dec 5</b>  Wrap Up session (75 minutes) 10:45am-12:00pm	Lead speakers (five minutes each)

### Conference Management Team:

Name	Affiliation	Email	Mobile
ZHANG Chunping (Mr.)	Program Manager, Office for International Programs, School of International Studies, Peking University	edulis@126.com	18810105198
CHEN Fang (Ms.)	Program Officer, Office for International Programs, School of International Studies, Peking University	chenfang2015@pku.edu.cn	15801355930
LI Zhuo (Mr.)	Research Assistant, Institute of International and Strategic Studies, Peking University	lizhuo@pku.edu.cn	18734598584
HAN Ze (Mr.)	Master Student, School of International Studies, Peking University	hanze@outlook.com	18610715258
TSOI Pingyi (Ms.)	Sophomore, School of International Studies, Peking University	kelsitsoi619@163.com	18500683500

### Maps:

# Venue of Hotel & Conference



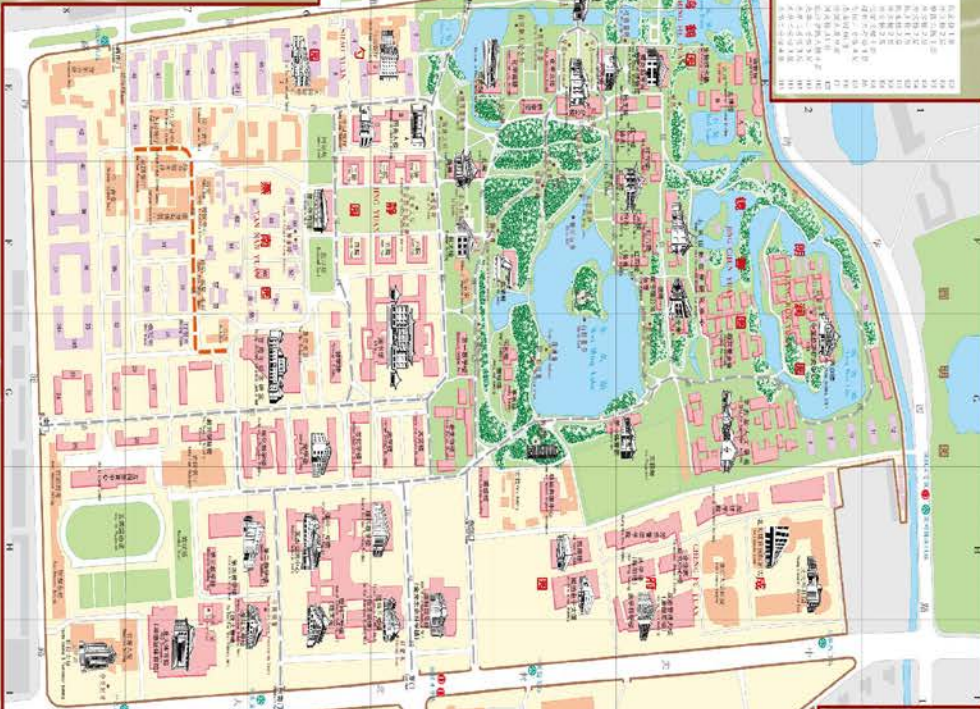
## 北京大学中关村新园 ZHONGGUANYUAN GLOBAL VILLAGE PKU







燕园卫星影像



燕园校区

Branche Campus of Yan Yuan

版权所有 翻印必究

名称	地址	电话
燕园图书馆	...	...
燕园体育馆	...	...
燕园学生活动中心	...	...
燕园学生宿舍	...	...
燕园食堂	...	...
燕园邮局	...	...
燕园派出所	...	...
燕园医院	...	...
燕园银行	...	...
燕园超市	...	...
燕园书店	...	...
燕园咖啡厅	...	...
燕园网吧	...	...
燕园健身房	...	...
燕园理发店	...	...
燕园洗衣店	...	...
燕园维修店	...	...
燕园打印店	...	...
燕园照相馆	...	...
燕园旅行社	...	...
燕园出租车公司	...	...
燕园快递公司	...	...
燕园搬家公司	...	...
燕园废品收购站	...	...
燕园废品回收站	...	...
燕园废品处理站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...

名称	地址	电话
燕园图书馆	...	...
燕园体育馆	...	...
燕园学生活动中心	...	...
燕园学生宿舍	...	...
燕园食堂	...	...
燕园邮局	...	...
燕园派出所	...	...
燕园医院	...	...
燕园银行	...	...
燕园超市	...	...
燕园书店	...	...
燕园咖啡厅	...	...
燕园网吧	...	...
燕园健身房	...	...
燕园理发店	...	...
燕园洗衣店	...	...
燕园维修店	...	...
燕园打印店	...	...
燕园照相馆	...	...
燕园旅行社	...	...
燕园出租车公司	...	...
燕园快递公司	...	...
燕园搬家公司	...	...
燕园废品收购站	...	...
燕园废品回收站	...	...
燕园废品处理站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...

名称	地址	电话
燕园图书馆	...	...
燕园体育馆	...	...
燕园学生活动中心	...	...
燕园学生宿舍	...	...
燕园食堂	...	...
燕园邮局	...	...
燕园派出所	...	...
燕园医院	...	...
燕园银行	...	...
燕园超市	...	...
燕园书店	...	...
燕园咖啡厅	...	...
燕园网吧	...	...
燕园健身房	...	...
燕园理发店	...	...
燕园洗衣店	...	...
燕园维修店	...	...
燕园打印店	...	...
燕园照相馆	...	...
燕园旅行社	...	...
燕园出租车公司	...	...
燕园快递公司	...	...
燕园搬家公司	...	...
燕园废品收购站	...	...
燕园废品回收站	...	...
燕园废品处理站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...

名称	地址	电话
燕园图书馆	...	...
燕园体育馆	...	...
燕园学生活动中心	...	...
燕园学生宿舍	...	...
燕园食堂	...	...
燕园邮局	...	...
燕园派出所	...	...
燕园医院	...	...
燕园银行	...	...
燕园超市	...	...
燕园书店	...	...
燕园咖啡厅	...	...
燕园网吧	...	...
燕园健身房	...	...
燕园理发店	...	...
燕园洗衣店	...	...
燕园维修店	...	...
燕园打印店	...	...
燕园照相馆	...	...
燕园旅行社	...	...
燕园出租车公司	...	...
燕园快递公司	...	...
燕园搬家公司	...	...
燕园废品收购站	...	...
燕园废品回收站	...	...
燕园废品处理站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...

名称	地址	电话
燕园图书馆	...	...
燕园体育馆	...	...
燕园学生活动中心	...	...
燕园学生宿舍	...	...
燕园食堂	...	...
燕园邮局	...	...
燕园派出所	...	...
燕园医院	...	...
燕园银行	...	...
燕园超市	...	...
燕园书店	...	...
燕园咖啡厅	...	...
燕园网吧	...	...
燕园健身房	...	...
燕园理发店	...	...
燕园洗衣店	...	...
燕园维修店	...	...
燕园打印店	...	...
燕园照相馆	...	...
燕园旅行社	...	...
燕园出租车公司	...	...
燕园快递公司	...	...
燕园搬家公司	...	...
燕园废品收购站	...	...
燕园废品回收站	...	...
燕园废品处理站	...	...
燕园废品转运站	...	...
燕园废品堆放站	...	...
燕园废品分拣站	...	...
燕园废品打包站	...	...
燕园废品装车站	...	...
燕园废品卸车站	...	...